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## Pesticide Safety 2009 - Nutrient Management BMPs

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# Nutrient Management BMPs

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## N and P

- These are the primary focus from an environmental viewpoint
  - Nitrogen coastal, estuarian waters
  - Phosphorus inland, fresh water bodies
- Waters of the Commonwealth Federal Clean Water Act - TMDL
- N is most important for production, P more an environmental issue





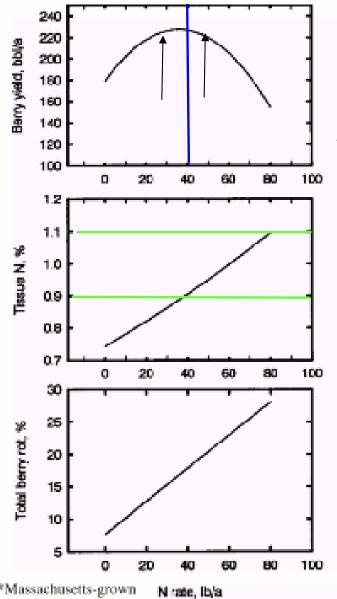
# Nitrogen – horticultural

- Nitrogen is arguably the most important fertilizer element applied to cranberries.
- If you get N wrong you pay a price in plant growth and crop
- Most growers base their fertilizer program on the amount of N they think the bog needs
- There is a body of research on N needs and rates

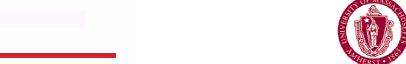




Figure 11.-Yield, tissue N, and rot of cranberries with various N fertilizer rates.\*









## N - environmental

- Do the right thing on rates and timing for horticultural side
- Applications
  - Avoid water
  - Avoid huge applications on sandy soil splits
- Water management
  - Tailwater
  - Attenuation
  - Impounding



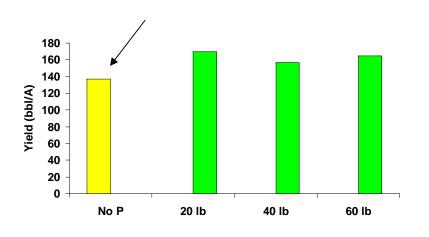


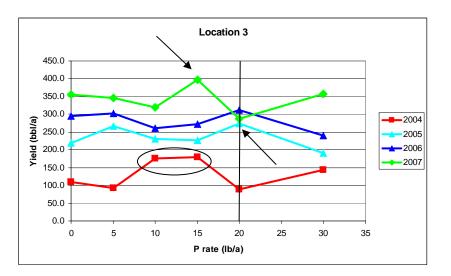
## Phosphorus horticultural

- Plot scale research no additional response above 20 lb/A if tissue P in normal range (~45 lb/A P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>)
- Plot research in WI no yield decline with zero P after 6 years tissue P still in normal range
- Large scale P reduction experiments
  - One site with 5 year average ~10 lb/A P no yield reduction
  - Grower that began reduction in 2008 (to less than 20 lb/A) had record crop

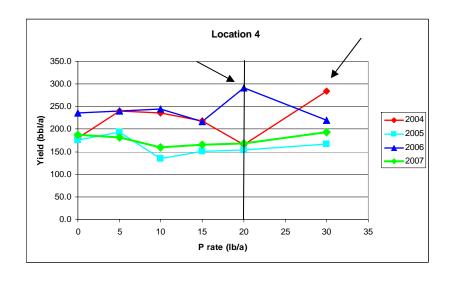








Tissue P in normal range



Tissue P below normal range





## Fertilizer and yield – peat-based older bogs

(P in lb·a<sup>-1</sup>; Yield in bbl·a<sup>-1</sup>)

	<u>s</u>	<u>ite 1</u>	<u>Si</u>	<u>te 2</u>
<u>Year</u>	P rate	<u>Yield</u>	P rate	<u>Yield</u>
2002	17.8	117	24.9	117
2003	14.4	119	22.3	119
2004	5.6	172	17.3	196
2005	16.5	190	24.0	121
2006	6.4	163	5.7	244
2007	10.4	156	11.4	136
2008	5.9	221	7.6	272
pre-reduction	17.8	117	22.1	138
post-reduction	9.9	170	8.2	217

## Fertilizer and yield – mineral soils bogs

(P in lb·a<sup>-1</sup>; Yield in bbl·a<sup>-1</sup>)

Year         P rate         Yield         P rate         Yield           2002         28.8         221         35.5         [65]*           2003         19.8         136         32.4         150           2004         21.2         218         28.0         277           2005         26.1         134         24.8         159           2006         7.1         256         12.9         286           2007         14.7         197         16.7         252           2008         19.7         220         9.1         359           pre-reduction         28.8         221         30.2         195           post-reduction         18.1         194         12.9         299		<u>S</u>	<u> Site 3</u>	<u>Si</u>	<u>te 4</u>
2003       19.8       136       32.4       150         2004       21.2       218       28.0       277         2005       26.1       134       24.8       159         2006       7.1       256       12.9       286         2007       14.7       197       16.7       252         2008       19.7       220       9.1       359         pre-reduction       28.8       221       30.2       195	<u>Year</u>	P rate	<u>Yield</u>	P rate	<u>Yield</u>
2004       21.2       218       28.0       277         2005       26.1       134       24.8       159         2006       7.1       256       12.9       286         2007       14.7       197       16.7       252         2008       19.7       220       9.1       359         pre-reduction       28.8       221       30.2       195	2002	28.8	221	35.5	[65]*
2005       26.1       134       24.8       159         2006       7.1       256       12.9       286         2007       14.7       197       16.7       252         2008       19.7       220       9.1       359         pre-reduction       28.8       221       30.2       195	2003	19.8	136	32.4	150
2006       7.1       256       12.9       286         2007       14.7       197       16.7       252         2008       19.7       220       9.1       359         pre-reduction       28.8       221       30.2       195	2004	21.2	218	28.0	277
2007 14.7 197 16.7 252 2008 19.7 220 9.1 359 pre-reduction 28.8 221 30.2 195	2005	26.1	134	24.8	159
2008 19.7 220 9.1 359 pre-reduction 28.8 221 30.2 195	2006	7.1	256	12.9	286
pre-reduction 28.8 221 30.2 195	2007	14.7	197	16.7	252
	2008	19.7	220	9.1	359
post-reduction 18.1 194 12.9 299	pre-reduction	28.8	221	30.2	195
	post-reduction	18.1	194	12.9	299

<sup>\*</sup>Insect infestation at this site in 2002

### Site 3 has biennial trends so we looked at 2-year periods

		Avg. Yie	ld (bbl/a)		I	<u>Fertilize</u>	er P Ib/a	
<u>Site #</u>	<u>2001-</u> <u>2002</u>	<u>2003-</u> <u>2004</u>	<u>2005-</u> <u>2006</u>	<u>2007-</u> <u>2008</u>	2002	<u>2003-</u> <u>2004</u>	<u>2005-</u> <u>2006</u>	<u>2007-</u> <u>2008</u>
3	187	177	196	209	28.8	20.5	16.6	17.2
	•							





## Phosphorus - environmental

### mean mg/L TP in flood discharges

		_		•
Bog	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
1	0.377	0.424	0.237	0.097
2	0.384	0.439	0.528	0.408
3	0.100	0.170	0.118	
4	0.109	0.127	0.147	
	radu	TIAN		



#### Fertilizer P (lb/acre)

Bog	2002	Post-2002
1	18	12
2	25	21
3	29	21
4	35	35





### **Cranberry Bog Total Phosphorus – water quality**

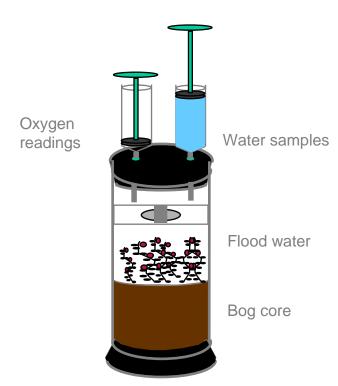
	TP Fertilization (lb·a⁻¹/yr)	TP incoming (lb·a <sup>-1</sup> /yr)	TP leaving (lb·a <sup>-1</sup> /yr)	TP export (net) (lb·a-1/yr)
Bog ID		Mean 20	003-04	
1	10.0	0.5	2.0	1.5
2	19.8	1.9	4.6	2.7
3	20.5	2.1	1.5	-0.6
4	38.0	1.9	1.7	-0.2





## Lab experiment – Flooding and P

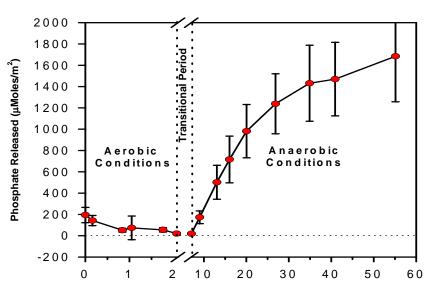
- Varied fertilizer practices
- Collected soil and subjected to flooding in the lab
- Followed P release into headwater and oxygen depletion







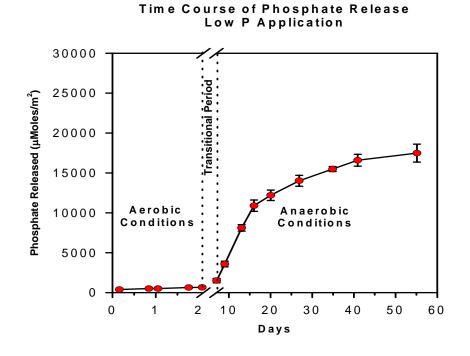
#### Time Course of Phosphate Release Natural Bog



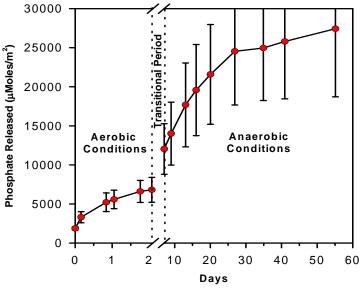
#### Native bog

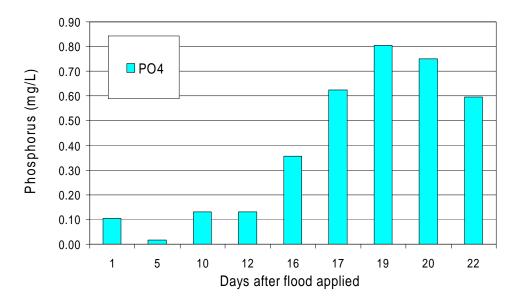
10-18 lb·a<sup>-1</sup> P

>20lb•a-1 P

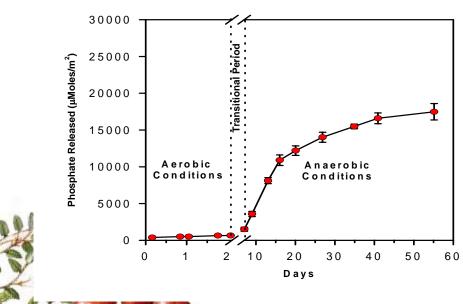


## Time Course of Phosphate Release High P Application









Laboratory
 results were
 similar to those
 in water
 collected from a
 harvest flood



## Change set fertilizer to reduce P

Material used	Pounds applied	Pounds N per acre	Pound P per acre
12-24-12	375	45	40
18-8-18	250	45	9
15-15-15	300	45	20





### Set fertilizers: Max N applied to maintain P<20 lb/acre

Material used	Pounds P per acre	Pounds fertilizer	Pounds N per acre
12-24-12	20	188	22.5
18-8-18	20	568	102
10-12-24	20	379	38
15-10-18	20	454	68
15-15-15	20	300	45
19-19-19	20	235	45

### Low N materials – how much P in 100 lbs.

Material used	Pounds fertilizer	Pounds N per acre	Pounds P per acre
3-13-26	100	3	5.7
5-15-30	100	5	6.6
5-10-10	100	5	4.4
6-24-24	100	6	10.6
8-32-16	100	8	14.1
5-5-20	100	5	2.2

## BMPs for P reduction

- Use no more than 20 lb/acre ( $\sim 45$  as  $P_2O_5$ )
  - Based on the laboratory study, highest risk for P mobilization - bogs receiving >20 lb·a<sup>-1</sup> P
- Especially at sensitive sites or on native cultivars, reduce below 20 lb/acre





## BMPs for P reduction

- If possible avoid discharge of water after fertilizer applications – impound or tailwater
- Flood management is critical
  - Harvest -- hold 2-4 days then discharge at a moderate pace to finish by no later than day 10
  - Winter -- Release from beneath ice ASAP





